



POLITÉCNICA

INTERNATIONAL  
CAMPUS OF  
EXCELLENCE

COORDINATION PROCESS OF  
LEARNING ACTIVITIES  
PR/CL/001



E.T.S. de Ingenieros de  
Telecomunicacion

# ANX-PR/CL/001-01

## LEARNING GUIDE

### SUBJECT

93000929 - Computational Electromagnetics

### DEGREE PROGRAMME

09AT - Master Universitario en Teoría de la Señal y Comunicaciones

### ACADEMIC YEAR & SEMESTER

2020/21 - Semester 2

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## 1. Description

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### 1.1. Subject details

<b>Name of the subject</b>	93000929 - Computational Electromagnetics
<b>No of credits</b>	6 ECTS
<b>Type</b>	Optional
<b>Academic year of the programme</b>	First year
<b>Semester of tuition</b>	Semester 2
<b>Tuition period</b>	February-June
<b>Tuition languages</b>	English
<b>Degree programme</b>	09AT - Master Universitario en Teoría de la Señal y Comunicaciones
<b>Centre</b>	09 - Escuela Técnica Superior de Ingenieros de Telecomunicación
<b>Academic year</b>	2020-21

## 2. Faculty

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### 2.1. Faculty members with subject teaching role

<b>Name and surname</b>	<b>Office/Room</b>	<b>Email</b>	<b>Tutoring hours *</b>
Miguel Angel Gonzalez De Aza	B-421	miguelangel.gonzalez@upm.es	Sin horario. Appointment arranged by email
Jesus Garcia Jimenez	B-418	jesus.garcia.jimenez@upm.es	Sin horario. Appointment arranged by email

Jose Luis Fernandez Jambrina (Subject coordinator)	C-419	j.fdez.jambrina@upm.es	Sin horario. Appointment arranged by email
Belen Galocha Iraguen	C-410	belen.galocha@upm.es	Sin horario. Appointment arranged by email
Jesus M. Rebollar Machain	B-411	jesusmaria.rebollar@upm.es	Sin horario. Appointment arranged by email

\* The tutoring schedule is indicative and subject to possible changes. Please check tutoring times with the faculty member in charge.

### 3. Prior knowledge recommended to take the subject

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#### 3.1. Recommended (passed) subjects

The subject - recommended (passed), are not defined.

#### 3.2. Other recommended learning outcomes

- Solid knowledge of numerical analysis. (Conocimientos sólidos de análisis numérico)
- Discrete numerical analysis. (Análisis numérico discreto)
- Electromagnetic fields theory. (Teoría de campos electromagnéticos)
- Microwave engineering. (Ingeniería de microondas)

## 4. Skills and learning outcomes \*

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### 4.1. Skills to be learned

CB06 - Poseer y comprender conocimientos que aporten una base u oportunidad de ser originales en el desarrollo y/o aplicación de ideas, a menudo en un contexto de investigación

CB07 - Que los estudiantes sepan aplicar los conocimientos adquiridos y su capacidad de resolución de problemas en entornos nuevos o poco conocidos dentro de contextos más amplios (o multidisciplinares) relacionados con su área de estudio

CB08 - Que los estudiantes sean capaces de integrar conocimientos y enfrentarse a la complejidad de formular juicios a partir de una información que, siendo incompleta o limitada, incluya reflexiones sobre las responsabilidades sociales y éticas vinculadas a la aplicación de sus conocimientos y juicios

CB09 - Que los estudiantes sepan comunicar sus conclusiones y los conocimientos y razones últimas que las sustentan a públicos especializados y no especializados de un modo claro y sin ambigüedades

CB10 - Que los estudiantes posean las habilidades de aprendizaje que les permitan continuar estudiando de un modo que habrá de ser en gran medida autodirigido o autónomo

CE01 - Analizar y aplicar técnicas para el diseño y desarrollo avanzado de equipos y sistemas, basándose en la teoría de la señal y las comunicaciones, en un entorno internacional

CE02 - Evaluar y sintetizar los resultados de un trabajo en equipo en proyectos relacionados con la teoría de la señal y las comunicaciones, en un entorno internacional.

CE03 - Valorar y contrastar la utilización de las diferentes técnicas disponibles para la resolución de problemas reales dentro del área de teoría de la señal y comunicaciones.

CT01 - Capacidad para comprender los contenidos de clases magistrales, conferencias y seminarios en lengua inglesa

CT03 - Capacidad para adoptar soluciones creativas que satisfagan adecuadamente las diferentes necesidades planteadas

CT04 - Capacidad para trabajar de forma efectiva como individuo, organizando y planificando su propio trabajo, de forma independiente o como miembro de un equipo

CT05 - Capacidad para gestionar la información, identificando las fuentes necesarias, los principales tipos de

documentos técnicos y científicos, de una manera adecuada y eficiente

CT06 - Capacidad para emitir juicios sobre implicaciones económicas, administrativas, sociales, éticas y medioambientales ligadas a la aplicación de sus conocimientos

## 4.2. Learning outcomes

RA37 - The capacity to choose the most suitable methods and tools for each problem electromagnetic problem and use it solve the given problem

RA35 - Understanding the need of computational electromagnetics

\* The Learning Guides should reflect the Skills and Learning Outcomes in the same way as indicated in the Degree Verification Memory. For this reason, they have not been translated into English and appear in Spanish.

## 5. Brief description of the subject and syllabus

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### 5.1. Brief description of the subject

#### Course Description

This course presents most of the most commonly computational techniques used to solve electromagnetic problems in microwave engineering. These techniques are commonly used to a precise characterization of structures involved in the design and development of devices and antennas. These methods are presented to know their features, advantages and limitations and how or where can be used, as well as their performances against the others.

#### Course Goal

To reach the understanding of the need of computational electromagnetic in the design of advanced microwave devices, the features of the most common used methods, the ability of developing own codes for these designs and using properly the available tools.

#### Summary of intended course outcomes

At the conclusion of the course, students should be able to understand the concepts and models used in Computational Electromagnetics and also will be able to apply these to advanced engineering problems, choosing the most suitable method for them, and having the capacity of developing their own methods when required or

using the available commercial tools.

By the end of the course the students will reach the abilities of:

1. Understanding the need of computational electromagnetics.
2. Knowing the most common computational techniques and method used to analyse the microwave circuits and antennas.
3. Knowing the basis of these methods and, as consequence, the advantages and drawbacks of each of them.
4. As results of the previous, they will have the capacity to choose the most suitable methods and tools for each problem.
5. Knowing some of the commercial available tools based of these method, the capacity of choosing the most convenient tool and the basic knowledge of their use.

## 5.2. Syllabus

1. Introduction
  - 1.1. Purpose and scope of application.
2. Finite differences in the time domain
  - 2.1. Introduction. Basic concepts. Scope.
  - 2.2. Yee paper. Numerical stability. Numerical Dispersion.
  - 2.3. Incident Wave Source Conditions. Absorbing Boundary Conditions.
3. The finite element method
  - 3.1. Domain discretization
  - 3.2. Hybrid numerical-analytical methods.
  - 3.3. Application of finite element method to microwave filter design.
  - 3.4. Application of finite element method to antennas and arrays.
4. The method of moments
  - 4.1. Wire Antennas Introduction to NEC. Examples.

4.2. Introduction to NEC. Examples.

5. The mode-matching technique

5.1. Description of the method. Relative convergence.

5.2. Some examples: H-plane step in rectangular waveguide. E-plane and double-plane step in rectangular waveguide. Multiple discontinuity characterization.

5.3. Some examples in device analysis.

6. Physical optics and the geometrical theory of diffraction

6.1. Basic concepts for GO. Ray tracing GTD definition. Canonical solutions of GTD over conductors and dielectric surfaces.

6.2. PO definition. Spectral analysis. PO projected on apertures. PTD definition.

6.3. Example of ray tracing solutions: Reflectors and propagation analysis of a urban environment Introduction to Tiera GRASP. Application examples



## 6. Schedule

### 6.1. Subject schedule\*

Week	Face-to-face classroom activities	Face-to-face laboratory activities	Distant / On-line	Assessment activities
1	<p><b>T1. Introduction. The need of electromagnetic modeling. Purpose and scope of application.</b>                      Duration: 02:00                      Lecture</p> <p><b>T2. Finite differences in the time domain. Introduction. Basic concepts. Scope.</b>                      Duration: 02:00                      Lecture</p>			
2	<p><b>T2. Finite differences in the time domain. Introduction. Basic concepts. Scope.</b>                      Duration: 02:00                      Lecture</p> <p><b>T2. Finite differences in the time domain. Maxwell's Equations Time Domain. Yee paper. Numerical stability. Numerical Dispersion.</b>                      Duration: 02:00                      Lecture</p>			
3	<p><b>T2. Finite differences in the time domain. Incident Wave Source Conditions. Absorbing Boundary Conditions. Introduction to CST studio.</b>                      Duration: 02:00                      Lecture</p> <p><b>T2. Finite differences in the time domain. Application examples</b>                      Duration: 02:00                      Problem-solving class</p>			
4	<p><b>T3. The finite element method. Introduction. Domain discretization</b>                      Duration: 02:00                      Lecture</p> <p><b>T3. The finite element method. Several electromagnetic formulations.</b>                      Duration: 02:00                      Lecture</p>			
5	<p><b>T3. The finite element method. Hybrid numerical-analytical methods.</b>                      Duration: 02:00                      Lecture</p> <p><b>T3. Application of finite element method to microwave filter design.</b>                      Duration: 02:00                      Lecture</p>			

6	<p><b>T3. Aplication of finite element method to antennas and arrays.</b> Duration: 02:00 Problem-solving class</p> <p><b>T3. Practical design of a microwave filter by means of the finite element method.</b> Duration: 02:00 Problem-solving class</p>			
7	<p><b>T3. Practical design of an antenna/array by means of the finite element method.</b> Duration: 02:00 Problem-solving class</p> <p><b>T4. The method of moments. Wire Antennas</b> Duration: 02:00 Lecture</p>			
8	<p><b>T4. The method of moments. Introduction to NEC. Examples.</b> Duration: 02:00 Problem-solving class</p> <p><b>T4. The method of moments. Planar antennas.</b> Duration: 02:00 Problem-solving class</p>			
9	<p><b>T4. The method of moments. Introduction to Ansoft Ensemble. Application examples.</b> Duration: 02:00 Problem-solving class</p> <p><b>T5. The mode-matching technique. Description of the method. Relative convergence.</b> Duration: 02:00 Lecture</p>			
10	<p><b>T5. The mode-matching technique . Description of the method. Relative convergence. Some examples: H-plane step in rectangular waveguide. E-plane and double-plane step in rectangular waveguide. Multiple discontinuity characterization.</b> Duration: 02:00 Lecture</p> <p><b>T5. The mode-matching technique. Multiple discontinuity characterization. Cont.</b> Duration: 02:00 Lecture</p>			
11	<p><b>T5. The mode-matching technique. Some examples in device analysis. Introduction to Wapos. Application examples.</b> Duration: 04:00 Problem-solving class</p>			

12	<p><b>T6. Physical optics and the geometrical theory of diffraction. Basic concepts for GO. Ray tracing GTD definition. Canonical solutions of GTD over conductors and dielectric surfaces.</b> Duration: 02:00 Lecture</p> <p><b>T6. Physical optics and the geometrical theory of diffraction. PO definition. Spectral analysis. PO projected on apertures. PTD definition.</b> Duration: 02:00 Lecture</p>			
13	<p><b>T6. Physical optics and the geometrical theory of diffraction. Example of ray tracing solutions: Reflectors and propagation analysis of a urban environment Introduction to Tcra GRASP. Application examples.</b> Duration: 04:00 Problem-solving class</p>			
14				<p><b>Analysis and design work assignment . Presentation of the performed work and the obtained results.</b> Individual work Continuous assessment Presential Duration: 04:00</p>
15				
16				
17				<p><b>Final exam. (Continuous assessment)</b> Written test Continuous assessment Presential Duration: 03:00</p> <p><b>Final exam.</b> Written test Final examination Presential Duration: 03:00</p> <p><b>Analysis and design work assignment . Presentation of the performed work and the obtained results.</b> Individual presentation Final examination Presential Duration: 04:00</p>

Depending on the programme study plan, total values will be calculated according to the ECTS credit unit as 26/27 hours of student face-to-face contact and independent study time.

\* The schedule is based on an a priori planning of the subject; it might be modified during the academic year, especially considering the COVID19 evolution.

## 7. Activities and assessment criteria

### 7.1. Assessment activities

#### 7.1.1. Continuous assessment

Week	Description	Modality	Type	Duration	Weight	Minimum grade	Evaluated skills
14	Analysis and design work assignment . Presentation of the performed work and the obtained results.	Individual work	Face-to-face	04:00	40%	2 / 10	CB08 CB09 CT01 CB07 CT03 CB06 CE02 CT04 CE01 CT06 CE03 CT05 CB10
17	Final exam. (Continuous assessment)	Written test	Face-to-face	03:00	60%	2 / 10	CB08 CB09 CT01 CB07 CT03 CB06 CE02 CT04 CE01 CT06 CE03 CT05 CB10

#### 7.1.2. Final examination

Week	Description	Modality	Type	Duration	Weight	Minimum grade	Evaluated skills
17	Final exam.	Written test	Face-to-face	03:00	60%	5 / 10	CB07 CT03 CB06 CE02 CT04 CE01 CT06 CE03 CT05

							CB10 CB08 CB09 CT01
17	Analysis and design work assignment . Presentation of the performed work and the obtained results.	Individual presentation	Face-to-face	04:00	40%	2 / 10	CB08 CB09 CT01 CB07 CT03 CB06 CE02 CT04 CE01 CT06 CE03 CT05 CB10

### 7.1.3. Referred (re-sit) examination

Description	Modality	Type	Duration	Weight	Minimum grade	Evaluated skills
Final Exam. (Non continuous assessment)	Written test	Face-to-face	03:00	60%	5 / 10	CB08 CB09 CT01 CB07 CT03 CB06 CE02 CT04 CE01 CT06 CE03 CT05 CB10

<p>Analysis and design work assignment . Presentation of the performed work and the obtained results.</p>	<p>Individual presentation</p>	<p>Face-to-face</p>	<p>00:00</p>	<p>40%</p>	<p>2 / 10</p>	<p>CB08 CB09 CT01 CB07 CT03 CB06 CE02 CT04 CE01 CT06 CE03 CT05 CB10</p>
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## 7.2. Assessment criteria

Students will be qualified through continuous evaluation by default. According to the Normativa de Evaluación del Aprendizaje de la Universidad Politécnica de Madrid, students willing to renounce to continuous evaluation must complete the Moodle task entitled "Renounce to continuous evaluation" before the fifth week of the semester (deadline will be announced in Moodle).

To be accepted to the continuous evaluation the students must attend at least to the 75% of the lectures. Students who do not meet this requirement will be qualified only by the final exam.

Evaluation will assess if students have acquired all the competences of the subject. Thus, any evaluation will be carried out considering all the evaluation techniques used usually in continuous evaluation (EX, ET, TG, etc.), and all the examinations will be celebrated in the exam period approved by Junta de Escuela for the current academic semester and year. Evaluation activities that assess learning outcomes that cannot be evaluated through a single exam will be carried out along the semester.

The evaluation of those students on continuous assessment will be composed by the 40% of student workshops (homework), which will be explained in a presentation, and by 60% of an exam covering the most important topics.

The evaluation of those students on non continuous assessment will be composed by the 40% of student workshops (homework), which will be explained in a presentation, and by 60% of an exam covering the most important topics.

The evaluation on referred (re-sit) examination will be composed by the 40% of student workshops (homework), which will be explained in a presentation, and by 60% of an exam covering the most important topics.

## 8. Teaching resources

### 8.1. Teaching resources for the subject

Name	Type	Notes
Support Web Page	Web resource	A support web page will be available to provide relevant additional information to students.
David. B Davitsion, "Computational Electromagnetics for RF and Microwave Engineering", Cambridge University Press, 2005.	Bibliography	Generic reference. It covers FDTD and MoM and FEM
Allen Taflov, "Computational Electrodynamics: The Finite-Difference Time-Domain Method", Artech House, 2005.	Bibliography	Reference for FDTD.
Roger F. Harrington, "Field Computation by Moment Methods", I.E.E.E.Press, 1993	Bibliography	Reference for the Method of Moments.
Rebollar, Page de la Vega, Encinar, Camacho, Esteban, "Temas Avanzados en teoría electromagnética", Servicio de Publicaciones ETSI de Telecomunicación, 1992.	Bibliography	For Mode Matching.

Jianming Jin, "The Finite Element Method in Electromagnetics", John Wiley & Sons, Inc. 2002	Bibliography	It covers finite elements.
McNamara, Pistorius, Malherbe, "Introduction to the Uniform Geometrical Theory of Diffraction", Artech House, 1990.	Bibliography	It covers GO, PO, GTD, UTD.
Pyotr Ya. Ufimtsev, "Fundamentals of the Physical Theory of Diffraction". John Wiley & Sons	Bibliography	It covers GTD-UTD
Walton C. Gibson - The Method of Moments in Electromagnetics, CRC Press , 28 nov. 2007 - 288 páginas	Bibliography	Reference for the Method of Moments